

Report On
Internship at LEXIM TEX INDUSTRIAL TRADE CO.LTD
Understanding the Operational Processes of Various Departments and Recognizing
Opportunities for Enhancements.

By
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An Internship Report submitted to the Executive Development Center, BRAC Institute
of Governance and Development (BIGD), BRAC University in partial fulfillment of the
requirements for the degree of
Post Graduate Diploma in Knitwear Industry Management (PGD-KIM)

Executive Development Center, BIGD
BRAC University
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Declaration

I formally state that:

The internship report provided is my own creation, developed during my studies at Brac University.

The report does not include any content that has been previously published or authored by someone else, unless this content is appropriately cited with complete and accurate references.

The report has not been presented, entirely or partially, for any other degree or qualification at any university or institution.

All sources of support have been properly recognized.

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SHAILA AHMED, Ph.D

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Letter of Transmittal

To

Shaila Ahmed

Assistant Professor & Research Fellow

BIGD, Brac University

66 Mohakhali, Dhaka-1212

Subject: Internship Report – Understanding the Operational Processes of Various Departments and Recognizing Opportunities for Enhancements at Lexim Tex.

Dear Sir/Madam,

I am pleased to present the internship report named “Understanding the Operational Procedures of Various Departments and Recognizing Potential Enhancements”, which I developed with your support. This document reflects my three-month internship at Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd, during which I had the opportunity to witness and engage in the functioning of various departments.

I have exerted all possible efforts to gather the necessary information and offer careful suggestions in a thorough and succinct way. I genuinely hope this report fulfills your expectations and represents both the academic and practical learning goals of the program.

I appreciate your important assistance and advice during the development of this report.

Sincerely yours,

PROBAL SARKAR TIRTHO

ID: 10000055604

Executive Development Center, BIGD

BRAC University

Non-Disclosure Agreement

This agreement is entered into by and between a student of the **Executive Development Centre at the Brac Institute for Governance and Development, Brac University** (hereinafter referred to as "Party B") and **Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd.** (hereinafter referred to as "Party A").

To meet the graduation requirements of the Graduate Diploma in Knitwear Industry Management, Party B, with the support of Party A, participated in a three-month internship. During the internship, Party B had direct contact with Party A personnel and obtained official information and data from Party A.

Party B agrees to write an internship report based on the practical experience gained and the data collected during the internship. All such data and information will be used for academic purposes only. Party B undertakes to protect Party A's interests and will not disclose confidential information to any unauthorized individual or organization.

Student's Full Name & Signature:

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Industry Supervisor's Full Name & Signature:

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OBAIDUR RASHID SUMON

HEAD OF BUSINESS,

LEXIM TEX INDUSTRIAL TRADE CO. LTD

Acknowledgement.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincerest gratitude to everyone who guided, supported, and encouraged me during my internship. Thank you for your valuable time, effort, and guidance, which made this experience exceptionally meaningful.

First, I would like to express my deepest gratitude to my academic mentor, Professor Shaila Ahmed. Her continuous support and valuable feedback enabled me to successfully complete this report. Her encouragement ensured that my efforts at each stage were precise and effective.

I would also like to thank my internship mentor at Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd., Mr. Obaidur Rashid Sumon, for his meticulous guidance during my internship. His practical experience, support, and guidance deepened my understanding of the industry and greatly facilitated my career development.

I would also like to sincerely thank my colleagues and team members at Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd. Thanks to everyone's support, my learning journey was more fulfilling, and my internship was incredibly rewarding and enjoyable.

Executive Summary

During my internship at Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd., a well-established company in the accessories industry, I had the opportunity to interact with five key departments within the purchasing team: zippers, buttons, fabrics, finance, and general purchasing. The internship ran from December 1st to February 28th, during which I faced various challenges daily, significantly enhancing my professional skills and personal growth.

This report consists of the following four sections:

1. Industry Overview
2. Summary of Achievements in the Purchasing, Zipper, Button, Fabric, and Finance Departments
1. Critical Assessment of internship performance
3. Conclusion

This report outlines the operations of each department, their strategic importance within the company, and their relevance to improving operational efficiency. It also identifies areas for improvement in strengthening teamwork and enhancing overall departmental efficiency.

In addition to analyzing the company, this report also describes my own growth during the internship. I gained practical experience in the procurement process, improved my analytical and problem-solving skills, and deepened my understanding of how different departments can collaborate to drive the company's success.

Keywords: Sourcing; Accessories; Zipper; Button; fabric; Accounts.

List of Acronyms

BIGD – BRAC Institute of Governance and Development

BSCI – Business Social Compliance Initiative

BL – Bill of Lading

CIP – Continuous Improvement Process

EMB – Embroidery

FAMA – Facility and Merchandise Authorization

FCR – Forwarder Cargo Receipt

GOTS – Global Organic Textile Standard

GRS – Global Recycled Standard

GSD – General Sewing Data

HR – Human Resource

ICS – Initiative for Compliance and Sustainability

KPI – Key Performance Indicator

LC – Letter of Credit

MIS – Management Information System

OCS – Organic Content Standard

PI – Proforma Invoice

RCS – Recycled Claim Standard

R&D – Research and Development

RMG – Ready-Made Garments

SC – Sales Contract

SEDEX – Supplier Ethical Data Exchange

SMV – Standard Minute Value

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CHAPTER 1

1.1 Industry Overview

Bangladesh has done well in the garment manufacturing business. It has grown from an industry to become the second biggest exporter of ready-made garments in the world just behind China. One of the reasons for this success is that Bangladesh has slowly but surely moved towards making everything it needs to make garments. Over the 40 years Bangladesh has built a garment manufacturing sector that can do almost everything on its own.

In the 1970s and early 1980s Bangladesh garment industry was just starting out. The country did not have the machinery or the people to make textiles so it had to import everything. Bangladesh mainly focused on cutting and sewing imported fabrics into garments and then exporting them. The industry started to grow in 1977. In the 1980s and 1990s Bangladesh's made garment sector grew really fast because of several reasons: Bangladesh had free access to global markets labor was cheap and there was a lot of foreign investment.

By 2002 exports of textiles, clothing and made garments made up 77% of Bangladesh's total exports. Bangladesh became the world's biggest exporter of ready-made garments, which created a lot of jobs in the manufacturing sector. Exports of textiles and garments are the source of foreign exchange earnings for Bangladesh. By the end of December 2024 the Bangladeshi garment industry had earned \$50 Billion from exports, which's an 8.3% increase from the previous year according to the Export Promotion Bureau.

In the mid-1990s a new generation of entrepreneurs invested in export-oriented textile and accessory industries to support Bangladesh's growing garment sector. With the help of loans and supportive government policies industries that made yarn, fabrics and accessories grew really fast. Over three decades this sector has become the most important part of Bangladesh's economy after ready-made garments reducing the need for imported materials and increasing the value of domestic products.

LEXIM TEX Industrial Trade Co. Ltd. Is a established Chinese company that imports and exports garments. The company specializes in garment lace, metal accessories, zippers and fabrics. LEXIM TEX works with customers over the world including Asia, Europe, the Middle East, Africa and the Americas. The company has a team of professionals with over 16 years of experience in the industry. LEXIM TEX combines expertise, market knowledge and large-scale sourcing to provide innovative designs reliable quality and competitive pricing.

1.2. Mission & Vision

Vision

The company's vision is to help people who want to buy garments and accessories by providing a range of high-quality products at good prices. LEXIM TEX focuses on making end fashionable lace, accessories and fabrics.

Mission

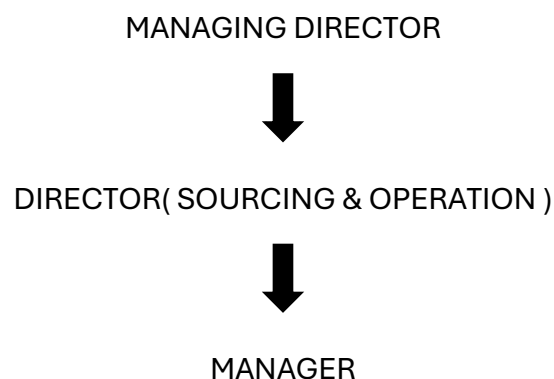
The company's mission is to provide affordable products to its customers in the textile ready-made garment and garment accessory industries. LEXIM TEX promises to give its customers options and choices to solve their fashion problems.

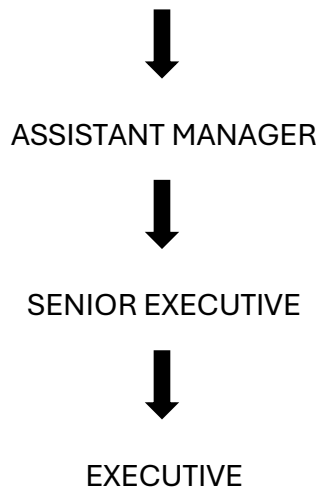
1.3 Goal and Objectives

The goal of LEXIM TEX is to solve its customers problems and meet their needs.

The objective of the company is to provide solutions to its customers by delivering high-quality fabrics and garment accessories that meet their diverse needs. LEXIM TEX aims to ensure quality through strict quality control and continuous product development while offering competitive pricing by leveraging its strong industry-trade integration. The company wants to expand its product range innovate and follow fashion trends to strengthen its presence in both international and domestic markets. At the time LEXIM TEX is committed to improving operational efficiency, timely delivery and professional service investing in skilled human resources and conducting business ethically and responsibly to build long-term partnerships and sustainable growth.

1.4 Organogram:





1.5 Products of Lexim Tex

LEXIM TEX is a leading manufacturer of garment accessories specializing in zippers and lace items. The company makes zippers in state-of-the-art factories in Bangladesh and China which enables production, competitive pricing and global supply. LEXIM TEX also imports high-quality fabrics from its factories in China ensuring standards and reliable supply for its customers.

Product list:

1. Lace and Trims

1. Embroidery lace trim
2. Pom pom trims
3. Crochet lace
4. Chicken embroidery lace trim
5. Chicken embroidery lace fabric
6. Collar lace
7. Nylon spandex lace fabric
8. Eyelash lace
9. Patch lace
10. Tassel lace trimming

2. Button

1. Metal button
2. Plastic button
3. Shank button
4. Snap button
5. Stud Button

3. Zippers

1. Metal zipper
2. Nylon zipper
3. Vislon zipper
4. Waterproof zipper

4. Fabrics, Knit and Specialty Fabrics

1. Knit fabrics
2. Mesh fabric
3. Flannel fabric
4. Poplin, voile chiffon
5. Taffeta fabric
6. Workwear fabrics
7. Yarn-dyed fabrics

1.6 Customers of Lexim Tex

LEXIM TEX serves well-known buyers in the United States, Europe and the Middle East including:

1. ZARA
2. LPP
3. SINSAY
4. LIDL
5. PULL & BEAR
6. KIABI
7. PRIMARK
8. KIK
9. PUMA

CHAPTER 2

Description of Task Accomplishment

During my training at Lexim Tex Industrial Trade Co. Ltd. I worked in five major departments:

1. The sourcing department,
2. The zipper department,
3. The button department,
4. The fabric department and
5. The accounts department.

As Lexim Tex is both a manufacturer and a fabric importer from China this training helped me understand the operational activities of each department the practical challenges they face and the strategies they use to overcome them.

2.1 Sourcing Department

The sourcing department is one of the most important sectors of the company as this department is responsible for the sourcing of the materials required to make the company's zippers, buttons, and fabrics. The department acts as the link between the suppliers and the production side by performing the following functions: supplier selection, purchase order execution, delivery time management, and quality control of the materials received.

The first step of the process is supplier selection. First, the company needs to find suppliers, and then the company needs to evaluate the suppliers' capabilities on the technical side. There are several raw materials required to produce the above materials (for example zipper tape, polyester resin, zinc alloy, slider, puller, chemicals) and the suppliers of these materials should be assessed against the required standards. After a supplier is selected, the company issues a purchase order, and the terms of the the purchase order are also agreed for the delivery date. Hence, all arriving materials should be inspected and approved before production starts. This department also handles customs clearance for the imports required and also handles the shipping parallel to the customs clearance.

During the internship, I also noticed that the department is mostly communicating with the approved suppliers for the procurement of a cross-section on the occasion of the factory's full capacity. Based on the production plan and the demand for a product, purchase orders

are created. I also verified that the purchasing department follows up with the suppliers to be sure of the delivery time. The department is also responsible for the imports of fabrics from China.

In several cases, the delays in the arrival of raw materials are a challenge in the production schedule and also a challenge to the clients' business relations. When comparing the suppliers, the main emphasis is put on the price and the delivery time, with very little concern for a systematic evaluation of the suppliers.

Purchasing department operations encounter numerous challenges such as fluctuating raw material prices, inconsistent supplier quality, and excessive lead times. Each of these factors affects production planning and cost control directly. Changes in the quality of raw materials can lead to defective items produced in the manufacturing process, therefore, creating waste and increasing the cost of doing business.

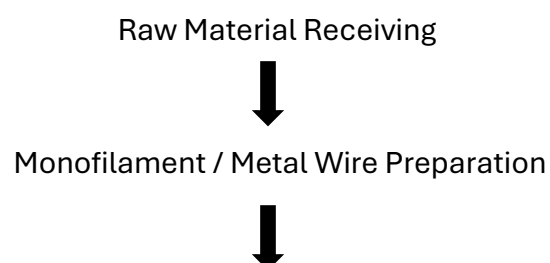
In my opinion, an ERP-based solution and digitalizing the supplier evaluation process will enhance the efficiency in procurement. Implementing a Risk Assessment Tool would improve the team's ability to assess potential risks associated with suppliers and make quicker, more informed decisions.

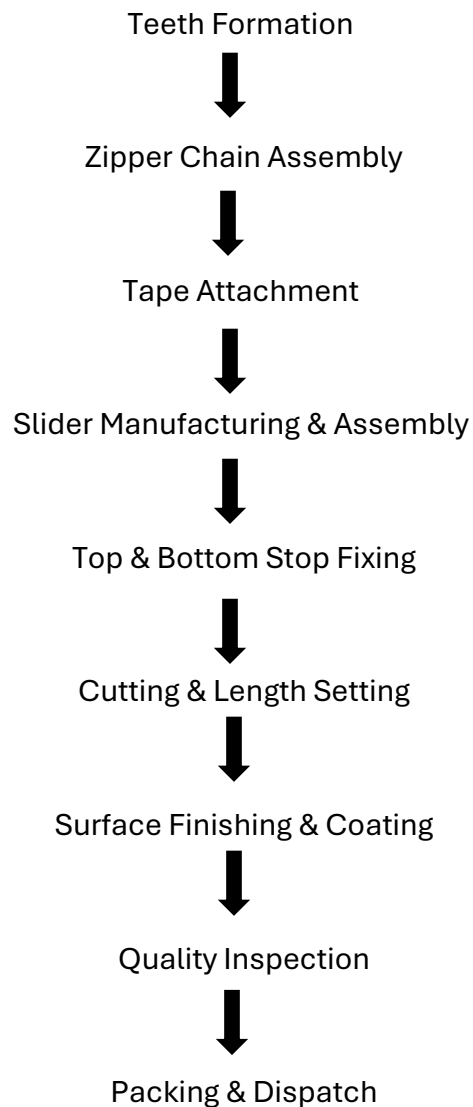
2.2 Zipper Department

The zipper department is one of the most technically demanding departments I've ever seen. I learned about the entire production process, the precise measurement methods, The Fully Zipper Division handles the production of all types of zippers including manufactured from nylon, metal, vislon, and waterproof materials. In order to meet the needs and requirements of customers, the company wants its products to fulfill optimal performances which are achieved through proper engineering and quality control.

Production of zippers begins from tape to tooth production, weaving, dyeing, and the final assembly. The weaving of the tape made of polyester or cotton is done to required measurements. The size of the teeth is determined by the type of zipper and are produced by either casting or coiling methods. Once the dyeing of the zipper chains is done, the final assembly is done by machine automated attachment of the slider and stopper.

Production Flowchart of Zipper





I was an intern at the zipper Division and I was able to view the entire production process starting from the preparation of the tape to the final assembly. I acquired an understanding of the entire production process as well as the measuring process. The process of zipper production appears simple, but the consequences of errors are considerable. There is a quality check done at all production stages which would include checking the slider movement, shade, visual inspections, and checking for strength.

I observed that a lot of the quality control is performed manually. Among the inspections performed, there were uneven spacing of the teeth, inconsistently colored parts, and the

slider being too tight or too loose. Furthermore, there were several instances of assembly errors that led to the need for rework.

Ensuring the slider moves smoothly, all the colors are consistent, and the tape does not shrink are the main challenges to be addressed. Poor connections between the tape and teeth result in malfunctioning fasteners, and color inconsistencies between the parts is a widespread problem that adversely influences the acceptance of the product.

The department should implement an automated assembly line with an in-line inspection system. Real-time defect detection via vision sensors minimizes the production of defective products, while automation of processes and scheduled maintenance are proven methods to increase productivity and decrease down times.

In my opinion, the company stands to gain the most in terms of efficiency by further increasing automation and digital monitoring.

2.3 Button Department

I also spent some time in the button manufacturing department, and frankly, button making is far more complex than you might imagine.

The department manufactures buttons for garments creates polyester buttons, metal buttons, shank buttons, snap buttons, stud buttons. The manufacturing steps are chemical mixing, molding, cutting, drilling, surface treatment, etc. The department prioritizes buttons' aesthetics and mechanical strength.

Pigments plus additives are combined and molded with polyester resin into rods or sheets. The buttons are then cut with a die cutting machine. Holes are drilled with a drill press, and surfaces are polished via a tumbler polishing process. In the final inspection, the buttons are checked for dimensional accuracy, and color plus appearance.

Production Flowchart of Button

Raw Resin or Metal Material Receiving

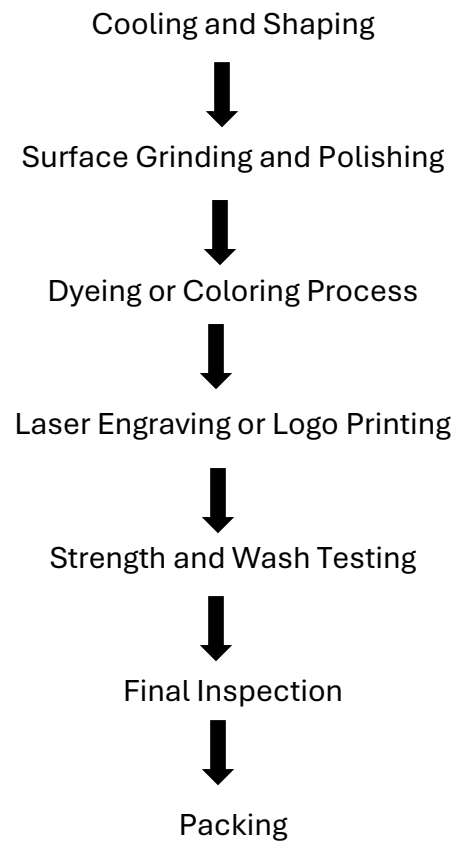


Material Mixing and Drying



Injection Molding or Die Casting





During my internship, I learned that there are many mechanical steps that make up the manufacturing process for buttons. These steps include drilling, cutting, and polishing. Inspection is done on the dimensions, surface, and color. Defects include uneven polishing, pinholes, and scratches. I also learned that sorting and inspection are done by hand, and that this involves a great deal of skill. The time it takes to set up machines, and process surface treatment causes a reduction in production efficiency.

The main surface issues are pinholes, color inconsistency, and uneven polishing. These problems are the result of poor mixing, ingress of air, and lack of adequate surface treatment.

In the department, vacuum degassing must be used, and a rigorous and disciplined system of environmental control must be instituted. Also, for custom design and branding, laser engraving technology will be utilized. Rapid fabrication through 3D prototyping will facilitate the reduction of time required for the production of new button designs. Color matching software helps solve the long-standing problem of color discrepancies. Through my experience in this department, I learned a great deal about materials, molding, surface treatment, and how to ensure that parts production meets standards.

2.4 Fabric Department

Since Lexim Tex imports fabrics from China, I gained an understanding of the fabric procurement and quality inspection process. The main role of this department is to connect local garment manufacturers with suppliers. It all starts with clearly defining the required fabric. The purchasing manager specifies details such as weight, fabric composition, weave, color standards, shrinkage rate, and finishing requirements. The purchasing team then contacts the textile factory.

Once all parties agree on the price, a purchase order is issued, and payment is made by letter of credit. Once the textile factory begins production, color and fabric samples are sent for customer confirmation. Mass production begins after approval, and all processes are completed before shipment.

Prior to shipment inspections are carried out. The buyers agent or a third-party organization may conduct the inspections. After that, goods are ready they are shipped undergo customs procedures and finally arrive at the storehouse. The fabric is examined using a four-point inspection system at the warehouse, and the quantity of flaws per hundred yards is calculated.

while I was training, I ran into a number of technical and operational problems . Occasionally the color chart in the lab did not correspond to the colors of the fabric. a more significant deviation. more than 5% in weight per square meter (GSM) raised expenses and resulted in a decrease in customer satisfaction. unsatisfied. Cutting was challenging and excessive due to fabric bending and deformation. The final size was impacted by shrinkage following washing. Delivery of products is delayed operationally. were common as a result of port congestion incomplete paperwork and difficult customs. methods. Changes in exchange rates also led to higher import expenses.

The business increased its requirements for lab sample approval in order to resolve these problems. allowing products with uneven color matching to be produced in large quantities. They employed. Scales and weight meters were used for testing fabric shrinkage during laboratory washing. machines prior to delivery. They improved their collaboration with freight as well. forwarders to prevent shipping hold-ups.

I believe they should use more in the future. thorough shipping tracking system which would improve transparency. It would also be beneficial to establish closer ties with Chinese textile mills. Quality will be stabilized as a result. To be honest they require a better way to handle exchange. rate variations.

2.5 Accounting Department

The accounting division has a responsibility to complete transaction processing, implement measures to manage costs, and to manage measures and report. They aid management with the financial discipline of the organization and assist with managerial decision making.

Transaction accounting includes the generation of payment orders, the invoicing of customers, the management of Value Added Tax (VAT), and the compilation of financial statements. Monthly profitability analysis reports are generated as a part of the Management Information System (MIS). The generation of cost allocation sheets provides the cost per unit.

I observed at the accounting division that the financial transactions were entered in accounting software and Excel. The division also handled procurement payment, invoicing customers, and expenses management. They prepared vouchers, reconciled invoices, verified, documented, and issued reminders for receivables. There are also a number of tasks that must be done manually. This increases workload, and the likelihood of mistakes.

The delay of customer payments presents cash flow challenges, and the manual methods of cost accounting present delays and inaccuracies in the accounting data. The absence of synergy between the production and accounting department presents challenges in the financial planning.

To address the above challenges, an ERP-based accounting solution that would automate the processes of cost accounting, enhance financial clarity/prudence, and provide timely reporting on the financial status of the organization. Credit management and accounts receivables management must be handled in a synchronized manner.

CHAPTER 3

3.1 Application of Generic and Industry Specific Courses During Internship

My internship at Lexim Tex provided me with the opportunity to practically apply what I learned in five different courses, including both general and industry-specific subjects. These courses provided the foundational knowledge necessary to collaborate with various teams and truly understand the surrounding context. I used these skills daily not only to perform my own tasks but also to support the smooth operation of the entire company.

3.1.1 Communication Skills

The communication skills classes were more beneficial than I had anticipated. That had a significant impact on how I interacted with people at Lexim Tex. I gained a deeper understanding of how to negotiate with and understand people from different backgrounds. I also realized that misunderstandings and cultural differences can lead to serious language problems.

The communication of Lexim Tex is very good, because it constantly communicates with factories outside China, especially many other regions. We misunderstood the process of our conversation. In the conversation with the supplier, I used strict wording, avoiding the claim that could be misleading. in the long run.

Transactions with banks and payment-related items are another issue. Appropriate paperwork and formal language are required. Otherwise, you will face compression and delay. With maintenance updates and formal communications, everything goes as planned.

By talking to the company's internal production, quality control and sales team departments, we can recognize that everyone agrees. By keeping the line unobstructed, you have done more work, reducing wasteful spending.

Finally, this course will teach you how to better connect and collaborate with people around the world. Maintain a solid relationship with your business partner.

3.1.2 Industry and Engineering

The Industrial and Engineering Course provides us with new perspectives on how to make things and how the tools can contribute to the entire process. Learn how products flow through factories, how to improve machine performance and how to improve

performance. This shows the expected cycle of the task and learned how to manage capacity planning so that you can fulfill your commitment.

Lexim Tex uses zippers and buttons. Much more complex than most people think: metal press, electrochemical coating, assembled slider - each step must be correct. Otherwise, the entire product will fail.

Using engineering skills to carefully observe productivity and identify factors that limit progress. The machine may not be set correctly. In some cases, the material may not be sufficient. This supports me by fine-tuning the process and making sure everything works.

The plan played an important role. One can easily commit, but with careful planning, only accept orders that you can handle. This means we ship on time and satisfy our customers.

3.1.3 Quality Control

I have gained the knowledge from the engineering application and use it to evaluate how to use Lexim Tex for operation. This helped us find a dead end in the process. The product display and function are degraded because the machines we use are not effectively set up or depend on inferior materials. I helped solve it by changing the routine and getting the machine to work.

Planning is also important here. We have confirmed that we only promise the services we can provide to keep our efforts so as not to overwhelm. We check the problem by applying root cause analysis. This means, "what exactly is the cause of the problem?" In the case of coating problems, it is usually indicated that the temperature of the bath is either low or improperly mixed with chemicals. If the shape is incorrect, it may be due to machine wear or poor settings. It is recommended to monitor parameters such as coating thickness. Mechanical pressure can quickly detect problems.

In addition, it also helps to establish product testing before shipment. In this way, we can identify and solve the problem before the customer notices the problem. It is very comfortable for customers to move in. The product is reliable and has never been ignored. Using these quality control devices has a significant impact on maintaining the reliability of our products and ensuring customer satisfaction. Lexim Tex

3.1.4 Production Management and Merchandising

This course is more than theory to me. Helps learn how to manage orders, how to manage production, and how to effectively monitor delivery times. You have learned some very

useful inventory management and T&A planning skills at Lexim Tex. At Lexim Tex, we process attachments on a regular basis and my responsibility is to ensure that all items are delivered on time.

The knowledge gained from production planning and management has been used to allow everyone to maintain coordinated buyers, production teams, and logistics teams. Everyone must reach the deadline. We carefully monitor inventory, especially zipper tapes and other items purchased from China. It never runs out. That's why we always make sure we have everything we need to maintain the production process.

Analyzing the cost of materials, talent and transportation will facilitate price negotiations with customers and suppliers. This is how we protect the profits we earn. It also monitored risks related to international procurement and fixed the timeline when the situation became difficult. For this reason, we ship products on time and maintain customer satisfaction.

3.1.5 Business Operation Skills

This course helps learn how to manage cash flow, budget, international business and the entire package.

Through my intern at Lexim Tex, I have the opportunity to use almost everything. There, he is responsible for the extensive import and export. We have carefully reviewed and reviewed invoices and transport documents to comply with all the rules of the credit and prevent problems. I work with the bank to get the paperwork right and make the process faster. Always monitor the required materials and products to ensure the correct quantity. We also considered risks associated with international transactions, developed budgets and analyzed costs. Not only does it help us make informed decisions, it also helps us keep profits.

By tracking everything, we handle finance more effectively, reduce latency, and improve the overall efficiency of Lexim Tex.

3.2 Suggestions for Industry Improvement

To make Lexim Tex work more smoothly, they should consider using a system where all the departments can communicate with one another in real time. This means they can easily work with one another, like the buyers, makers, quality controllers, and logistics teams. This will help reduce errors and make their work easier. They can consider using machines that can be operated and monitored from a distance, thus reducing errors and saving time. They can consider implementing quality control using statistics and machines to maintain quality in their products.

They can consider controlling their inventory to avoid buying too much or too little. They can do this by monitoring what they need, when they need it, and how they are spending their money. They can consider training their workers to improve their productivity and quality of products. They can consider protecting the environment and implementing green strategies in moving their products and services.

3.3 Learning and Self-Improvement from Internship

Lexim Tex Internship experience has provided me a great deal. I was able to apply my classroom knowledge to practical work. Improved communication skills with suppliers, banks and shipping companies around the world. Learned how to clearly present information, facilitate negotiation, and solve problems in a stressful environment.

Become a better planner and problem solving by manipulating the production process in real time. The process wasn't all smooth sailing, but I was able to gain a lot of confidence from it. During the internship at Lexim Tex, I learned a lot of practical skills. Tools such as AQL, Fishbone Diagram, and SPC are not just concepts. It's very helpful in understanding how to improve the process and run it smoothly. Having worked experience on budgets, expenses, and related financial problems, you can get a deeper understanding of the importance of fundraising, business and accuracy. Thanks to my internship experience, I can schedule my time more efficiently and stay flexible. What will happen is unpredictable.

Cooperating with others is a particularly important challenge, especially in emergencies. You need to think quickly and build confidence on all challenges, big and small. Learning is an endless process, and we recognize that knowledge learned in the classroom actually works only in practical applications. To be frank, this experience at Lexim Tex has made me realize the importance of maintaining curiosity and ongoing learning in both my personal life and career, by having a deep understanding of the textile industry.

CHAPTER 4

CONCLUSION

The time spent on Lexim Tex is really precious. It connects what you have learned in school in a reasonable way to the actual situation. I had the opportunity to work closely with the zipper and button team, so I watched the entire manufacturing process from start to finish. I also learned the actual process and theoretically imported Fabrica and other materials.

Use all knowledge about communications, engineering, quality control, production and business. Working with people to make sure everyone is on the same page will be more important than anything else. We explored in detail how the product was created, how to identify the problem, and how to improve and improve reliability. In addition, we directly witnessed the sales and financial contributions to the overall situation.

But things are not easy. They encounter delays, sometimes get inappropriate materials, deal with quality problems, and have paperwork problems. However, to be honest, these bumps taught me how to solve problems, make decisions and make myself more confident. I learned that in order to be successful in business, I need to understand my materials, work with others, and make plans, never say "good enough".

This opportunity not only meets academic requirements, but also enables sharper thinkers, better leaders and more skilled strategists. Not only does he have a wealth of knowledge, but he is also able to prepare for the things that the textile industry is waiting more confidently.

References

- <https://leximtex.com/>
- <https://leximtexsourcing.com/>
- [Wikipedia](#)